NEW YORK. We stated, on Saturday last, in our moratic candidate, was " supposed " to have carried New York by 2,000 majority; and the result is still than a thousand majority. The latest intelligence in the Baltimore Sun elects Washington Hunt, the Seward candidate, by 1,000 majority. The New York Tribune of Friday evening last claims Hunt's election as beyond all question—the Globe of Saturday "adheres" to its " original opinion" that Seymour is elected—and the Express of Friday contains the following :

"THE CLOSE VOTE IN THE STATE. We are not able to state with reliable accuracy who is governor, the returns received as we write, can reliably claim the election. Mr. Hunt has a very large vote in the than was reported on Wednesday evening.

"Of the causes of this close vote we have nothing to add anew to what was before stated. We and the enemies of the national administration in the whig ranks. As the result of the election developes itself we shall comment upon these causes, and show lost thousands and thousands of votes.

" P. S. Since the above was written, additional corrected returns have come in, making it almost certain that Hunt is, after all, defeated. The whigh Still there is a frail hope left that if the two counties yet remaining to be heard from—Alleghany and Ulster-vote the same as they did for Clay and Polk, we may save our governor by the 'skin of the teeth.' We have our doubts, however."

On the other hand the Baltimore Correspondent of the Washington Union, under date November 9, 5 P. M., says:

Seymour, the democratic candidate, was elected governor of New York by nearly 2,000 majority. Yesterday the announcement came with equal certainty of the success of Hunt, the whig candidate, by 1,-000 majority, and to-day the telegraph announces that corrections in whig reported majorities have placed Seymour in the advance about 500 votes, and that the chances are ten to one in favor of his election.
The vote will doubtless be very close; but from the surely the next governor."

The Express gives the following summary for members of Congress: Old, or 31st Congress, 32 Whigs, I Democrat, I Freesoiler; new, or 32d Congress, 18 Whigs, 16 Democrats, and 1 Freesoiler. The Democrats have therefore gained 15 members. crisis: of the Legislature.

our next, with some reflections on the result.

ocrat,) is re-elected. Mr. Doty voted against the ular nominee 2.000 votes!

The Legislature of Wisconsin is largely Demo-

MICHIGAN. E. J. Penniman and James L. Conger, tionism. Gen. Cass exerted himself manfully, and

States will no doubt vote for its repeal.

cers and members of Congress. The test in that extinguish the flames.' State was the Fugitive Slave Law. Opposition to that law has no doubt carried every thing before it.

tion of the New York diocese is called for the 27th Georgia Convention, he said : of November, in St. John's Chapel in New York the late General Convention, authorizing the election the diocese is indefinitely suspended.

been very generally stated that Amin Bey, the Turkish Envoy, now on a visit to this country, had six wives, native tax. The Judge thought that, by this measeditor of the Christian Walchman to correct the state- encouraged, and the Northern producers would be ment, and to say that he has but one wife.

Some of the papers of Middle Tennessee think the price of corn in that region will be from 20 to 25 cents per bushel. The Louisville Journal of the 22d ultimo, quotes new corn at 35 to 40 cents per those " settlements."

lowing new Offices in this State:

Jenny Lind, Chatham, E. B. Emmerson; Adolph, Chatham, Wm. G. Harriss; Neil's Creek, Cumber- of cutting off Northern trade to a very great extent. land, C. H. Cofield; Cypress Creek, Bladen, Wm. J. Parker.

The Legislature of Rhode Island, after a session of

The Norfolk Argus has recently put on a new dress. t now looks remarkably well. Success to its fearless and able Editor, Mr. Sawyer.

" aneodotes" in relation to the determination of Pre-New 1 one of Pre-They say he has declared that the law shall be exeented. "even at the risk of blood." Wonderful! Is in doubt. Other is, will not boast more fore, then, these commendations—these ill-timed comnliments ! The President talks very well, in private :

We learn that he was applied to by the Marshal of Massachusetts to permit one of the national vessels in Boston harbor to be used as a prison-ship for fugitive slaves, and for a Revenue Cutter to convey the necessary and extraordinary. By the law of Massaso close is the vote in the State. The returns look chusetts a heavy penalty is imposed upon her police so close is the vote in the state. much better than they did twenty-four hours ago, officers, if they assist in capturing a fugitive, or if much better than they did tweether party, upon they use the State prisons for the purpose of securing him after he is taken; and this being the case. the election. Mr. Hunt more applied to make up for the the Marshal will be compelled, in case of an arrest. losses sustained in this city, where, however, we are to hold on to the slave in some building of his own. happy to say, the vote against him is a thousand less or guard him in the streets! Who can hope, under claimed in Boston? Every thing is against the would go to the City and not to the County. A betthese circumstances, that a single fdgitive will be re ing to add snew to what was detected and to the Syracruse Con- Southern man claiming his slave in Massachusetts. ter plan would be for the City and County to unite his rents, &c., was not even allowed to have his brothtrace them directly to the dir public opinion universally condemns the law-the Courts, the lawyers, the Marshal, the police officers, where and how the whig candidate for governor has the inhabitants are all against him. There are hun- and I learn that they are and have been no small tax ular was he to save his clothes from the usual wear, this equivocation and delay.

We are surprised that William A. Graham should emain in the Cabinet under these circumstances. "On Thursday it was positively announced that His own State, which has honored him on many occasions, acquiesces in the "Adjustment" measures, though they are all against her, except one; and that one is trampled under foot in the free States, while the Administration of which he is a member stands by and talks of enforcing it! We think that these matters have been considered and discussed long enough. Let the law be executed; and if Gov. Grafact that a despatch from the Tribune office this af- ham is determined to continue his connection with ternoon announces Seymour's election, he is pretty the President, let it be known that he is one of his advisers, and responsible also, in his sphere, for the execution of this law.

> The Petersburg Intelligencer, a leading Whig paper, uses the following strong but just language in relation to the President and his duty in the present

clothed, and to execute the law at all hazards. We feel that they have not been in vain. New Jersey. The Democrats have elected their are of the opinion that the President is not obliged candidate for Governor (Mr. Fort) in this State, by 4,000 majority, and secured a majority in both branch- he cannot execute the law. It is sufficient for the President to know, no matter how he may acquire es of the Legislature. They have also gained four the information, that the law is resisted, and this cratic candidate for Congress in the eighth district, members of Congress. The names of the members knowledge will justify him in using all the power in the place of Mr. Bradford, declined. elect are, Nathan K. Stratton, Charles Skelton, Isaac with which he is invested to execute the law of the charge his duty, and may, therefore, never give offi- ly opened. cial information of the fact to the President. The in the 3d District James D. Doty (independent Dem- slave, and bringing him up for examination as to his district is likely to be a severe one. identity-were imprisoned under notorious false pretences, and afterwards held to excessive bail, and fi-Fugitive Slave Law-the Democrats of his District nally, in terror for their lives, had to leave the city called a Convention and ruled him off, nominating a without their property. These facts are notorious to the country. The South, then, has a right to look to the Country. The South, then, has a right to look to the President for the application of this remedy, whom have already engaged rooms. The conventions and ruled him off, nominating a without their property. These facts are notorious to the North and the country to the country. The South, then, has a right to look to the North and the country to the country. The south are notorious to the country to the country to the country. The south are notorious to the country to the c the sun shines, the South will, in the absence of this It is said that this State will not be represented. first and best remedy, resort to the second, and that is secession from the Union. It will not do to talk

energies for the Constitution and the law; but all itself known in substantial results? Why do the ness. multitudes of conservatives stand by with folded These returns, for the most part, are of the most arms and permit squade of abolitionists to run roughshod over the constitution and the laws? A curse gloomy character. New York, Wisconsin. and on such conservatism as this, say we. We would Slave Law. Nine-tenths of the members from these such conservatives. Conservatives, indeed! They are about as conservative as a man would be who, on Massachusetts voted on Monday last for State offi-

> JUDGE BERRIEN'S POLICY. In a speech recently delivered in Macon, Georgia,

special meeting of the Protestant Episcopal Conven- and as to the proper course to be pursued by the

"He could not desire that the Convention should city, to take into consideration the canon, passed by propose non-intercourse, as that would be an unconstitutional act, nor on import tax on goods of Northof a provisional Bishop, where the regular Bi shop of would be equally so. He thought that the best course the Convention could adopt, would be to recommend, AMIN BEY IN HIS MARRIAGE RELATIONS. It has been very generally stated that Amin Bey, the Turkish chants, should be charged with a high and discrimia plurality of wives being allowed by the laws of ure, the importation of Northern goods would be his native country. He has, however, requested the greatly abridged, Georgia manufacturers would be awakened to a sense of the power of the South to Envoy, and a noted British abolitionist member of protect their own interests."

This policy is objected to by some of the Charleswould continue to buy Northern goods, and charge the increased tax to their customers. There is one bushel. They must have made pretty good crops in way to retaliate, which will go right to the point and need no "patching up." Let Southern merchants be given to understand, by the Southern people, that The Postmaster General has established the fol- no goods purchased in the free States after a certain date, will be bought or used. A policy of this sort would be direct, and would no doubt affect the object

The last Milledgeville Union thus notices the speech of Judge Berrien at Macon :

" Junes BERRIEN. Much doubt seems to have exlated heretofore with regard to the position of this sent in the most effectual manner. After relating the overflowing. He nobly sustained the cause of South-We learn from the Norfolk Argus that the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad has been finished as far
as Suffolk. Passenger cars are now running daily between Suffolk and Portsmouth.

overflowing. He nobly sustained the Cause of Southboard that the Seania a palpable infraction of the Constitution—and
showed that the South had lost everything but her
honor. We hope to lay before our readers a fuller
account of this distinguished effort, in our next issue."

The Superior Court for Cumberland county meets
on Monday next, Judge Battle presiding. Besides
account of this distinguished effort, in our next issue."

the people of that State have accepted the Boundary on Friday morning, and delivered herself to the proposition of the last Congress by a large majority.

On Friday morning, and delivered herself to the proposition of the last Congress by a large majority.

On Friday morning, and delivered herself to the proposition of the last Congress by a large majority.

Check the proposition of the last Congress by a large majority.

On Friday morning, and delivered herself to the proposition of the last Congress by a large majority.

E. L. HARDING & Co. proposition of the last Congress, by a large majority.

For the North Carolina Standard. The newspapers are retailing some very clever To the Commissioners of the City of Raleigh:

a notice from the Intendent of Police, that applica- late John McDonough, the "miser millionaire," (as tion will be made to the next Legislature to amend the present Charter of this City. Not knowing what amendments are contemplated, I have thought that this would be a fit opportunity to approximate the amendments are contemplated. New York by stood majority seems are contemplated, I have thought that says:

in doubt. Out of the immense vote cast, the succession doubt. Out of the immense vote cast, the succession doubt. Wherethis would be a fit opportunity to suggest the pro"He resided, for many years in the latter part of priety of adding a clause in the Charter, authorizing his life, in Algiers, a village on the opposite side of the authorities of the City to establish a Hospital; the Mississippi to New Orleans, where he cultivated with power to charge the County for all parishoners and maintained the strictest habits of industry and taken care of and attended to during their illness, that are not citizens of the Corporation; and to make

the sum of eight thousand dollars, with twenty-five the United States, when a large tract where New slaves to Baltimore; and that he refused the applica- acres of land, having on it two good dwellings, just Orleans is now located was acquired by him. The tion on the ground that such a course would be un- at the South-west of the City, for the purpose of increase in value of this would of itself constituted, at NOTICE TO BOUNTY LAND CLAIMANTS building a Hospital for the poor of the town. This this day, a large fortune. The income of his possesmoney I learn has been, and is still at interest, and sion he studiously, and with much good judgment, must necessarily have accumulated at simple interest invested in improved property in the city; and so alone, to the amount of fourteeen thousand seven particular was he in the collection of his rents, that hundred and sixty dollars. If it is the intention of he made out, with the most pefect exactness, himself. the authorities ever to carry out the wishes of the be taken to practically fulfill them.

of the community their services gratuitously, and this would act favorably upon his petition. is certainly a great deal.

By carrying out the design contemplated by Mr. wealthy might be expected in aid of a Female clothing, &c., and crediting with the money received Orphan's Asylum, or House of Correction for desti- for his wages; and when the slave had paid him his and stand as monuments to the philanthrophy and

names of their donors.

In submitting these remarks it was merely to call your attention to the amendment of the charter, so at any time hereafter it should be the desire of the Coration to carry out any of those henevalent objects.

The above contains many statements, the truth of John Ezzel.

In Surry county, on the 27th ult., by R. R. Davis, which we are inclined to doubt—or at least they are dobutless strong exagerations relative to the course of Esq., Mr. William Bond to Miss Rebecca Hobson.

On the structure of the Coration and circumstances of all, the Directors feel no hesitation in saying that it affords greater inducements for the insurance of lives than any other "The Fugitive Slave Law is there nullified to all in- that they might be vested with authority to do so. tents and purposes, and we of the South can look to But I have extended my views much longer than I at We shall give the names of the members elect in but two remedies for the insult and injury which first intended; yet, if they should have the desired have been heaped upon us. We must call upon the effect of attracting the attention of the citizens and laying, and manufactured and put up a large number to Miss Margaret A. Cardwell, daughter of Richard of brice-houses in New Orleans. We also have the

Boston, November 6. E. K. Whitaker has been nominated as the demo-

Wisconsin. Charles Durkee, Abolitionist, has President has it in his power, then, to call out the vorable to the re-election of Mr. Horace Mann, met indicates something more of philanthropy than such been re-elected from the 1st District, by 1,500 ma- forces of the United States, and carry the law into at Dearborn's to-day, and nominated him against the a man could have had, and we doubt not it will be \$6.75; hides, green, 4 cents—dry, 6 to 10 cents per per re-elected from the last District, by 1,000 mar execution. He knows, and every body knows, that regularly selected ticket. Those who voted for the sustained. A number of the heirs reside in this city, in the last beautiful to the last bea the law has been nullified in Boston-that two citi- address state that the resolutions adopted by the last most of whom with the exception of his sister, have Elmore, Democrat, and the Whigs for Mr. Durkee. zens of the South, who visited that city in quest of legislature were passed to be sustained with vital ef- been cut off without a shilling, and we understand their property, were prevented from arresting their fect, and not to be a dead letter. The contest in this that the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, the Hon. John Nel-

> NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 7. The Southern Convention will certainly convene which alone can save the Union-for as certain as tion will be opened by the previous presiding officers.

RATES OF PAY OF CONGRESSMEN AT DIFFERENT PEto us of the South about the "general prevalence of RIODS. The pay of members of Congress from the conservative opinions and feeling at the North." It first congress in 1789 until 4th March, 1795, was six Abolition Whigs, have been elected to Congress from matters not to us the value of a brass farthing wheth- dollars a day, and the mileage was six dollars for

in Michigan generally stood up for the Fugitive Slave having been violated by one of parties to it has ceastle before the tide of Aboli-law, but they have fallen before the tide of Aboli-But if there is this "general prevalence of conser- 1815, till 4th March, 1817, each Senator and Reprevative opinions and feelings at the North," why do sentative received \$1,500 per annum, with a proporhis organ, the Detroit Free Press, put forth all its we not get the benefit of it? Why does it not make tionate reduction for absence from any cause but sick-

The President of the Senate, pro tem., and the Speaker received \$3,000 per annum each. members of both branches of congress was fixed at city: Michigan may be set down as opposed to the Fugitive not give Sam Patch, dead or alive, for millions of eight dollars a day, and mileage at eight dollars for "I profess to be a freesoiler and hold to the 'higher every twenty miles travel, and so it stands now. law.' God helping I mean to obey that. Therefore

those joyous occassions when party animosities and will be safe here. We have about seven hundred fubickerings are lost amid the good cheer and pleasure gitives here in this city, and they are good citizens, attendant upon such an occasion. Every body was and here we intend they shall stay. We do not counat the dinner-and there was indeed a "feast and a sel bloodshed, but shall suffer fines and imprisonment flow of soul." Speeches were made by several gen- to any extent rather than allow that law to be carried tlemen which will be published shortly. George out. So let him come, we will do all we can for him, EPISCOPAL CONVENTION. We see it stated that a by Judge Berrien, on the subject of Southern wrongs Davis, the " banner man" in this district during the both for the outer and inner man. last Presidential election said-" Here's to old Bill Ashe, I fought him from one end of the District to the other, and the more I fought him the harder I loved don and Liverpool road, 201 miles, the actual speed,

forth those sweeping arguments and withering sar- is 35 miles per hour. casms. Mr. J. G. McRee also acquitted himself

well, as did the other speakers." The whole affair passed off to the entire satisfac- age speed, including stoppages, 43 miles per hour. tion of all concerned; and at night the music from "the band" rose high on the sir in grand concert of sweet sounds. Wil. Aurora.

PROGRESSIVE. Single-minded, old fashioned Southerners may be surprised that in Boston, the capital of the most Union-loving State in this Union, a Turkish

MANLIKE AND GODLIKE. A gentleman who had filled many high stations in public life, with the greatest bonor to himself and advantage to the nation, once went to Sir Earldley Wimot, in great anger at a real injury that he had received from a person high in the political world, which he was considering how to reupon him, that he came away quite another man, and

three criminal cases already on docket, Mrs. Simpson, and will hereafter be a Democratic paper. Mr. Wilwidow of the late A. C. Simpson, arrived in town son is a good writer, and is said to be a young gen-

McDONOUGH, THE MILLIONAIRE.

The Newark (N. J.) Advertiser has been furnished GENTLEMEN: In looking over the newspapers, I see notice from the Intendant of Police, that applicate New Orleans, and who was well acquainted with the

economy. His custom was to visit the city daily, and such other provisions as in their judgment, from time of crossing, he kept a small skiff, in which he made to avoid the expense of the ferry boat, the usual mode to time, the good of the institution might require. his house servants row him over. The foundation of his fortune was laid by the transfer of Louisians to the authorities ever to carry out the wishes of the deceased, it is now high time that some steps should he would never suffer him to append his name to a receipt. He was never known to have a friend call There is a Parish Farm within five miles of town, on him except on business, which he would compel and the citizens of the City and County pay a tax to him to despatch with all convenient speed, lest his support it; but in the event of the establishing of an

the City, where it could be under the immediate au- cost him an extra meal. His apparel, when in the pervision of the Medical profession. The number of city, was always neat and clean, but hore the unmisparishoners is rapidly increasing around our town, takeable evidence of being very ancient. So particdreds of fugitives in the State, and yet not one has to the Physicians. Public sentiment is such, (withbeen taken. The Marshal, who is appointed by the out any good reason for it,) it thinks the Physicians linen on his return from the city, and replace it with are morally bound to attend all who may call upon that which was of less value. The umbrella which certain that Fruit is, after an, decented he invariably carried with him, was said to have been at Albany last night conceded Seymour's election. his duties, fails to act; and the President, instead of that they are to defray all the expenses for medicines found by him during his service in Gen. Jackson's tends to enforce it. The truth is, the President's feelings are against the law! That is the secret of all
made to either setting forth their destitution. I can
ago a nephew visited him, and was told he need not
3d. T conceive there is no charity in thus imposing upon repeat his visits, as it was expensive, and he subsethose gentlemen this additional expense, when alrea- quently died in the Charity Hospital, his uncle condy ample means are provided for this purpose. But tributing nothing towards his funeral expenses. On should you deem the establishing of an Hospital too one occasion he applied to the Legislature for the expensive at this time, you ought to provide a Dispensary or some out door relief for the poor—by paying for the Medicines used, and such other articles fee of two and a half per cent. to the Probate Court.

Warrant under this act, atmosgs in the several terms; but where a soldier has served several terms, he will receive a warrant for the greatest quantity of land to which those several terms, conas the Physicians might direct as necessary. I learn In answer to his petition the Legislature replied, that solidated, will entitle him. that those gentlemen are willing to give to this class if he would make affidavit that he was dead, they

" Much is said about his liberating his slaves, and an erroneous impression has gone abroad in relation Rex, it would be laying the foundation for other benevolent objects; and future contributions from the tute and unfortunate Females; Institutions which first cost, expenses and interest of money, with a fair now adorn many of our sister towns in other States, consideration for risks, &c., he gave him his freedom pryoided the Colonization Society would take charge

> The above contains many statements, the truth of John Ezzel. life of a shrewd and precise business man. With regard to the slaves he manumitted, we had previously learned some of the facts above stated, with the additestimony of the President of the Colonization Society, that he not only manumitted his slaves, but paid their expenses to Liberia, and gave them a good outfit.

His mode of life was evidently in strong contrast with Southern life generally, but the man who could carry out and perfect such a scheme of philanthropy elect are, Nathan K. Stratton, Charles Skelton, Isaac With which he is invested to execute the law of the Wildrick, R. M. Price, Democrats, and G. H. Brown, and may in his heart rejoice that he is unable to distance of the democrats meet the law of the place of the branch of the free-soil meeting at Faneuil Hall last night as that relating to his slaves, making them valuable was a tremendous gathering. The democrats meet attizens of Liberia, also giving them instruction and there to night. The political campaign is now fairin his heart that would render such a character, as is The whigs of the 8th congressional districts, fa- above depicted, rather incongruous. His will also son and J. M. Camphell, Esq., have been retained as ton prime quality at 123 to 13 cents; no sales of corn; counsel by them to contest the will.

Baltimore Sun.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION. Which party was right, the advocates or opposers of the Bills of Compromise—the sovereign balm that was to heal the " five bleeding wounds," which afflicted our country? The plaster has been applied, it has sucked all the substance from one of the patients, namely, the South ; bushel with a fair supply ; flour \$6 50 to \$3, Northernbut there appears to be a hideous gaping wound still. no home-made in market; bacon, a good supply, at from Will no "Pacificator" step forward to heal this 4 to 10 cents according to quality; molasses 21 to 22 cts.; sore? The South gave up the whole of California tionist, has beaten Mr. Buell, Democrat, who voted for the Fugitive Slave Law. Our Democratic friends in Michigan generally stood up for the Fugitive Slave Law, but they have fallen before the tide of Abelia and the state of t "Compromise." Hurry up the cakes, gentlemen. per gallon. We want to try something else. But don't forget to answer the question.

A FREESOIL CITY. A wealthy Friend (Quaker) of

DINNER TO MR. ASHE. Friday last was one of hungry we will feed him, if naked cloth him. He rough; L. Mitchell, Wake.

SPEED OF THE BRITISH RAILROADS. On the Lonincluding stoppages, is 374 miles per hour. There All were for southern rights-that was the theme are five stoppages, the running time five hours, 45 Dunn, Petersburg. that awoke the powers of a McRae and brought minutes, and the average speed, including stoppages,

> On the London and Exeter road, 1941 miles the actual speed in motion, is 511 miles per hour; aver-The actual speed in motion on the London and Southampton road, 80 miles, is 454 miles per hour. On the London and Dover road, 88 miles, 481 miles man, Charleston; J. L. Hunter, Wake. per hour, and on the London and Brighton road, 504 miles, 401 miles per hour.

BUILDING FOR THE EXHIBITION OF 1851. The buil-Parliament should be received with honor and feast- ding is designed by Mr. Paxton. Its length is 1848 James, Raleigh; Dr. Thomas Hicks, and M. A. Tate, Parliament should be received with honor and feast-ing, whilst a couple of citizens of Georgia are re-feet, width 408 feet, hight 66 feet. The transept is Nov. 9. Aton Waths-ienta Wegen, Otsego; Bart. peatedly arrested, mobbed, and chased out of town, los high; excepting the timbers for floors and joists, for presuming to claim their property under the Conit consists entirely of glass and iron. There will be stitution and laws. But this is National. Congress 3230 iron columns, 2244 iron girders, 1128 iron bearhas just passed laws, that admit Amin Bey's fellow ers, and 358 iron roof supports, 34 miles of gutters, Franklin; Dr. Isaac Jackson and J. W. Farish, Chatham; subjects with their plurality of wives in California, 202 miles of sash bars, and 900,000 feet of glass.

J. W. Smith and Lady, Miss Ellen M. Smith, C. H. together with George Thompsons' fellow subjects of Great Britain, and exclude slaveholders from there.

If slaveholders are not good enough to go into the territories, why should they be permitted to stay in contract with Messrs. Fox and Henderson is for £79,the godly city of Boston ? Southern Press. 800; or £150,000 if the building is permanently re-

FUGITIVE SLAVES. The owners of a number of fugitive slaves now in Philadelphia and New York. have either gone on or are preparing to go for the pur-pose of reclaiming their property. We have heard of some dozen cases within the last ten days, where the four days, adjourned a few days since, to meet again the third Monday in January. The election of a United States Senator from that State, is postponed to the venerable Senator. The house in that time.

In the most effectual manner. After relating the proper and requisite papers to prove titles have been proper and r

> The " Mountain Banner," at Rutherfordton, N. C. on Monday next, Judge Battle presiding. Besides has passed into the hands of Franklin I. Wilson, Esq.

Telegraphed for the Standard.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 19th, 1850. The election of Washington Hunt, the Whig candidate for Governor of New York, is now claimed by one thousand majority.

In Boston the majority for Gov. Briggs, the Whig In this election, as far as heard from, the Freesoil

New York, November 12th, 1850. THE MARKETS. Southern flour \$5 per barrel; Cotton quiet; Tobacco firm at previous prices.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. WASHINGTON, Oct. 31, 1850.

Applicants for bounty land, or for information relation thereto, are requested to address their communications on that subject to the Commissioner of Pensions direct. Their transmission to the Department proper imposes on it a very great and unnecessary amount of labor, and the additional examination they must thereby necessarily undergo only creates delay and increases their liability to be lost or mislaid.

Wherever new questions arise under the law, the decisions of the Department will be communicated to the Commissioner of Pensions, and he will thereby be enabled, as he is required to do, promptly to acknowledge the receipt of all communications, and answer such inquiries as may be made. As numerous inquiries have been directed to those

points, it may be well to state-1st. That where the service has been rendered by a substitute, he is the person entitled to the benefit of the law, and not his employer.

President and responsible to him for the discharge of them, knowing without reward; and it is expected he invariably carried with him, was said to have been the service required by the law is entitled to bounty removing him and appointing some one who will, and many other things besides; when, in fact, it is campaign against the Indian tribes. When he put on the law and save he inno more their duty, nor binding upon them than it is a new coat it was noticed and made the subject of faupon the Grocer or Merchant to furnish their sugar, miliar conversation among business men throughout the act enures to the minor children of the deceased

> 3d. That no person who has received or is entitled to bounty land under a prior law, is entitled to the benefit of the act of 28th September, 1850.

4th. That no soldier is entitled to more than one warrant under this act, although he may have served ral terms, he will receive a warrant for the greatest

ALEXANDER H. H. STUART. Secretary of the Interior.

MARRIER.

In Moore county, by Geo. W. Cagle, Esq., Mr. John Maness to Mrs. Eliza Britt. In Robeson county, on the 30th of September, by Rev. D. Johnson, Mr. Alex. Johnson to Miss Nancy Mc-Neill, all of Robeson. Mr. Johnson 68, the bride 52. In Duplin county, on the 24th ult., by the Rev. Isaac

Sydney Gaugh to Miss Lucinda Carter. On the 24th ult., near Madison, Rockingham county,

tion that they were all learned brick-making and brick- by Thomas D. Roseborough, Esq., Mr. Peter C. Sharp,

DIED. At Heathsville, Halifax, on the 1st instant, J. W.

Batchelor, Esq.-a most worthy citizen. In Halifax, on the 28th ultimo, George W. Owen, Sr. in the 45th year of his age.

THE MARKETS.

FAYETTEVILLE, November 9. Bacon 9 cents; cotton 12 to 122 cents; corn 75 to 80 cents; flower \$6 25 to pound; coffee 14 to 15 cents; whiskey 35 to 40 cents; fodder 80 to \$1 per hundred.

PETERSBURG. November 9. Tohacco at from \$8 50 to \$20 according to quality, with an active market. Cotbacon, hog round, at from 7 to 71 cents: flour \$1 75 to post paid, to

NEW ORLEAYS, November 8. Cotton was quite lively to-day. 5,000 bales were sold at from 131 to 133 cents —the lower qualities being rather easier of sale.

CHARLESTON, November 9. Sales of 700 bales of Cotton at former prices. Market quiet. Extreme prices

range from 13 to 13} cents. WILMINGTON, November 7. Corn 68 to 75 cts. per ground peas \$1 121 to \$1 30 per bushel. The Journal

Arrivals at Guion's Hotel.

Nov. 7. J. J. Wigert, Stockholm; A. D. Jessup, Peaker received \$3,000 per annum each.

New Bedford, writes to the Chronotype, who inquired Philadelphia; Anthony Kuhn, Baltimore; Dr. Johnson, From the 4th March, 1817, the compensation of him, whether a fugitive slave would be safe in that Lady and Child, and Miss Johnson, Fayette ville; J. T. Child, Petersburg; J. F. Peterson, Stockholm; F. J. Stribling, Miss E. Stribling. Virginia; Sam'l. J, Peterson, Stockholm; Thomas W. Nicholson, Halitax; C.

> David Pender, North Carolina; J. Rhodes, Franklinton; A: O. Daniel, Monticello, Ga.

Nov. 9. A. A. T. Smith, Fayetteville; A. Kingsbury, Master Kingsbury, Oxford. Nov. 10. W. Newton, Richmond, Va.; Mr. Stern J. W. Lancaster, Goldsborough; J. D. Cameron, Raleigh.

Arrivals at Yarbrough's House.

Nov. 8th. A. Rencher, S. B. Jones, Chatham; J. B.

Nov. 9th. J. Jordan, Philadelphia; R. Hewitson Greensborough. Nov. 10th. Dr. Brantley, Busbees; Jno. D. Powell S. H. Avery, Bleak Hill; E. H. Montero, D A. Raine, J. P. R. Crawford, Richmond; W. W. White, Hender- FITHE Proprietors of the Pomological Garden and

Nov. 11th. J. J. Wortham, Richmond; F. Black-

Arrivals at Lawrence's Hotel.

gon, David J. Justice, Wake; Thomas S. Camubell, Va., Nov. 10. W. H. Prather, Rockford ; Joseph Kearney, J. W. Smith and Lady, Miss Ellen M. Smith, C. H. Smith, Æolian Minstrels.

Nov. 8. Robert Williams, Sampson; Rev. T. B

By Express. At Harding's Cheap Clothing Store. A Splendid Variety of

COATS, CLOAKS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, HADKF'S, GLOVES, &c. Call at No. 1, Telegraph Building. Raleigh, Nov. 12, 1850.

Dress and Frock Coats. 100, JUST OPENED, of all qualities, we E. L. HARDING & Co. Raleigh, N ov. 12th, 1860.

Fine Fancy Cass Pants UR Stock of Pancy Casimere Pants, council be best. E. L. HARDING & Co. Raleigh, Nov. 12, 1860.

Business Coats.

Look out for the Engine when the Bell Rings.

All Aboard! Bound to E. Peace's Block, Opposite Post Office, The Southern Home Manufactory.

RALEIGH, N.C. MUCH has been said in Congress, by Southern members, about the rights of the South. This candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, is 2,847. community and surrounding country now have an op-

vote is diminished and the Democratic vote increased. The Proprietor's new Establishment, Peace's Block, opnosite the Post office. The Proprietor, having made the SCIENCE of cutting Gentlemen's fashionable clothing his study, in the most fashionable Cities, for many years, is now prepar-

ing made. Gentlemen furnishing cloth and trimmings, will thus give employment to many in the City of Ra-Those who only wish their garments cut shall have

them warranted to fit, and at moderate prices. Gentlemen's garments altered and repaired at the shortest The New York and Philadelphia Fashions for the

all and Winter just received. Wanted immediately, two first rate Cost-Makers, to whom employment will be given and the highest wages.

Ralcigh, Oct. 22, 1850.

888—120Nov.

FEMALE CLASSICAL INSTITUTE, (HILLSBOROUGH. STREET,)

RALEIGH. N. C. REV. BENNET T. BLAKE, Principal.

KARL W. PETERSILIA. Professor of Music. Mus. Lucy M. PETERSILIA. Teacher of Drawing and Painting.

dated with board in the family of the Principal. These will receive all the attention, and enjoy all the omforts of a private family. The course of study is well digested, thorough and

matics, Drawing and Painting. Taken separately, the charges will be as follows: Board per session of five months, \$50 00 Tuition in the Classical Department, 20 00 15 00 Tuition in the English Department. Music on Piano or Guitar. 20 00 Drawing and Painting, 10 00

The Pupils will be regularly instructed in Vocal Mu-The Annual Examination of the Pupils of this Institation will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, the

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Life Insurance Company RALEIGH, N. C. THIS Company is now taking insurance on the lives

W. West, Mr. Noah West, to Miss Fanny, daughter of Company in the State, and working under a charter suit-

his wife or children, free from the claims of the representatives of the husband or any of his creditors." It is conducted on the mutual plan, each person insured becoming a member thereof, and not liable beyond

of a white person; and on Slaves for two-thirds their market value, for a term of from one to five years, as the owner may desire.

The business of the Company is conducted under the immediate supervision of Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President, Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,

Perrin Busbee, Attorney, Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician. J. Hersman, General Agent.

Secretary.

GENTLEMAN by the name of JOHN MURPHY A left this State in the Spring of 1849, for Savannah, Ga. He was raised in the State of New York, but had been ing his trade. He wrote to his wife from Savannah. stating that he should be at home in a short time; and this was the last time she heard from him. She has since been informed that he left that place for Atlanta, and not

getting employment, he went to Charleston. His long absence and silence have led his wife to believe that he has fallen a victim to Death. She is in a state of most painful suspense. Any information from any person as to his fate, or as to where he is, if still living-directed to Mrs. Delilah Murphy, Exchange P. O., Warren County, North Carolina-will be most gratefully received. November 11, 1850.

Editors of newspapers generally will confer a fa-

VALUABLE LAND And Desirable Residence for Sale.

A TRACT OF LAND, containing 130 Acres, (form erly the property of Blair Burwell, deceased,) situated on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, one half mile South of Henderson, is offered for sale. More than half the tract is in original growth. The remainder is in a fine state for cultivation, and is well adapted for the growing of Grain and Tobacco. On it is a new and commodious two story Dwelling House, of excellent workmanship, with every out house necessary for comfort or convenience. Any person wishing to combine the advantages of town with the pleasures and retirement of the country, would do well to buy. The neighborhood is remarkable for its health, intelligence and refinement. Farther description is deemed unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase will view the premises. Refer to

A. R. & H. BURWELL, Henderson, N C. I. H. DAVIS, Stanton, Granville, N. C. 1-- St

FINE FRUIT TREES

Nursecies, Cane Creek, Chatham County, N. C. known for all seasons, from the earliest to the latest rip-

APPLES, PEACHES, PEARS, PLUMS. Nectarines, Apricote, Grapes, Figs, &c.
Orders should be sent to us early, that we may make our arrangements to deliver in good time. One of us will

J. & T. LINDLEY. October 28th, 1850.

Fifteen Dollars Reward. ston County, a negro boy named Dave, or Henry.

A. W. RICHARDSON. November 9, 1650.

New Music Book CANTICA LAUDIB, or the American Book of Church Music, by Lowell Mason and Geo. Webb.

Also, The Home Altar—an appeal in behalf of Pamily Worship, with Prayers and Hymna, for family see, by the Rev. Charles F. Doems. H. D. TURNER. Raleigh, Nov. 8, 1854.

Motice

November 2, 1650.

wheat unchanged; yellow corn 73 cents per bushel; ed to give satisfaction to all who may want their cloth-

Raleigh, Oct. 22, 1860.

TWEN'TY-FIVE Young Ladies can be accommo

extensive. The entire expense to a pupil will be covered by the payment of One Hundred Dollars in advance. for a session of five months. This will include Board and Tuition, with Music, French, Latin, Greek, Mathe-

Painting in oil Colours, 15 00

ic. without further charge. 4th and 5th of December ensuing.

B. T. BLAKE, Principal.

Raleigh, Nov. 8, 1850.

of healthy persons and Slaves, at their established

Company in the country. The 5th Sec. of the Charter provides" That the husband may insure his own life, for the sole use and benefit of

the amount of his premium. Policies for \$100 to \$5000 will be issued on the life

All losses of the Company are paid within 90 days after proof of loss is furnished. No California risks taken.

James F. Jordan, Secretary, Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,

All Communications on business should be addressed JAMES F. JORDAN,

Nov. 1, 1850.

Information Wanted.

a resident of North Carolina some ten or twelve years. He was about 36 years of age. He had run a Steam Engine on the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road—that be-

vor on the afflicted wife by copying the above.

November 1st, 1850.

have now ready for Transplanting, 20,000 fruit trees of large size and thrifty growth, of the finest kind of fruits ening kinds; consisting of

UNAWAY from the Subscriber, residing in John Said boy is about 22 years of age, yellow complete weighs about 165 pounds. He may be lurking in the neighborhood of Mr. Penny's, in said County, as I bought him from that neighborhood. Said buy has a down look when spoken to. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver him to me, or lodge him in any juit in the State, so that I get him.

IS hereby given, that application will be made to the next General Assembly of North; Caroline to divide the County of Surry late two Counties, and put the Court house in the centire of each.

A Maronitz or the Cryspans.